

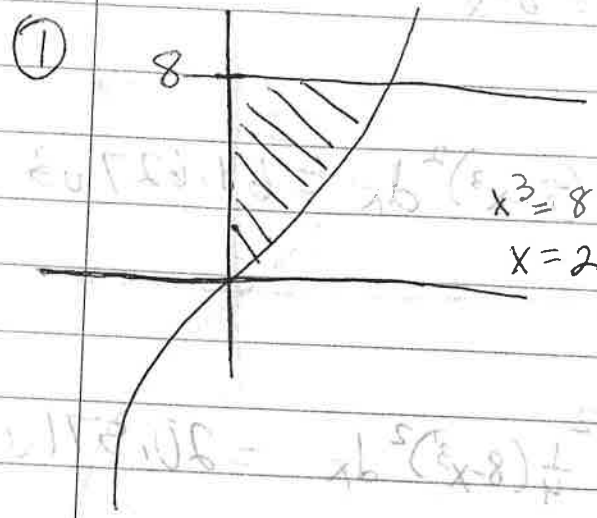
## AP Calculus AB Homework Problems

1) Find the volume of the solid formed by the functions  $y = x^3$  and  $y = 8$  and  $x = 0$  with cross sectional shapes perpendicular to the  $x$ -axis:


- a) Square with side perpendicular
- b) Square with diagonal perpendicular
- c) Semi-Circles
- d) Circle
- e)  $45^\circ - 45^\circ - 90^\circ$  Triangles with hypotenuse perpendicular
- f)  $30^\circ - 60^\circ - 90^\circ$  Triangle's with shortest side perpendicular

2) Now re-do the problems above when the cross sectional shapes are perpendicular to the  $y$ -axis.

x-axis

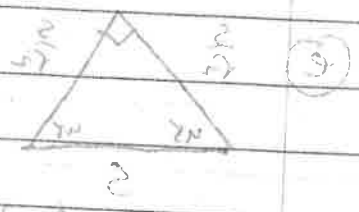


$S = 8 - x^3$  (b)

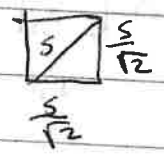
(a) Square w/ side  $\perp$  x-axis 

$A = s^2$

$A = (8 - x^3)^2$   $V = \int_0^2 (8 - x^3)^2 dx = 82.286 u^3$



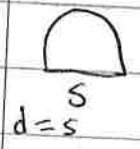
(b) Square w/ diag  $\perp$



$A = \left(\frac{s}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2 = \frac{s^2}{2}$

$V = \int_0^2 \frac{s^2}{2} dx = \int_0^2 \frac{1}{2} (8 - x^3)^2 dx = 41.143 u^3$

(c) Semi-circle




$r = s/2$   $A = \frac{1}{8} \pi s^2$

$A = \frac{1}{2} \pi r^2$   
 $\frac{1}{2} \pi \left(\frac{s}{2}\right)^2$

$V = \int_0^2 \frac{\pi}{8} (8 - x^3)^2 dx = 32.314 u^3$

$$S = 8 - x^3$$

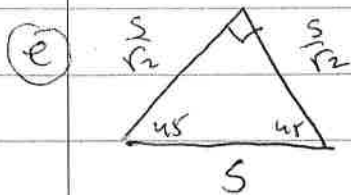
(d) circle 

$$A = \pi r^2$$

$$A = \pi \left(\frac{S}{2}\right)^2$$

$$A = \frac{\pi}{4} S^2$$

$$V = \int_0^2 \frac{\pi}{4} (8 - x^3)^2 dx = 64,627 \text{ u}^3$$

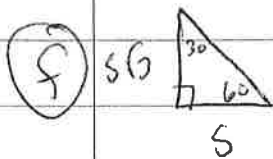


$$V = \int_0^2 \frac{1}{4} (8 - x^3)^2 dx = 20,571 \text{ u}^3$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{S}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2$$

$$A = \frac{1}{4} S^2$$

$$\int_0^2 (8 - x^3)^2 dx = V \quad \frac{d}{dx} (8 - x^3) = A$$



$$V = \int_0^2 \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} (8 - x^3)^2 dx = 71,262 \text{ u}^3$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2} s \cdot s\sqrt{3}$$

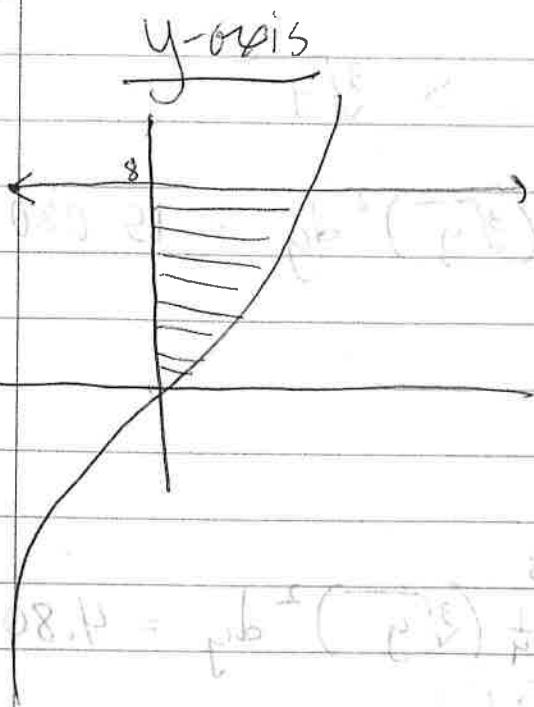
$$= \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} S^2$$

$$\frac{S}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{S}{\sqrt{3}}\right) = A$$

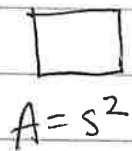
$$\int_0^2 (8 - x^3)^2 dx = V$$

$$s \cdot \frac{1}{2} A \quad \frac{d}{dx} s = A$$

$$\int_0^2 (8 - x^3)^2 dx = V$$

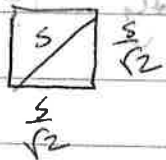


(a) Square w/ side  $\perp$  y-axis



$$V = \int_0^8 (\sqrt[3]{y})^2 dy = 19.200 v^3$$

(b) Square w/ diag.  $\perp$



$$V = \int_0^8 \frac{1}{2} (\sqrt[3]{y})^2 dy = 9.600 v^3$$

(c) Semicircle



$$V = \int_0^8 \frac{\pi}{8} (\sqrt[3]{y})^2 dy = 7.540 v^3$$

$$s = \sqrt[3]{y}$$

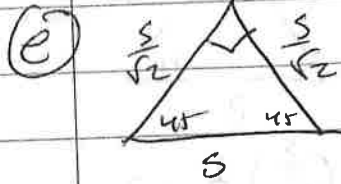
(d) circle 

$$V = \int_0^8 \frac{\pi}{4} (\sqrt[3]{y})^2 dy = 15.080 \text{ u}^3$$

$$A = \pi r^2$$

$$A = \pi \left(\frac{s}{2}\right)^2$$

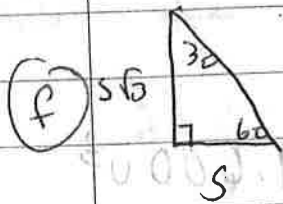
$$A = \frac{\pi}{4} s^2$$



$$V = \int_0^8 \frac{1}{4} (\sqrt[3]{y})^2 dy = 4.800 \text{ u}^3$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{s}{\sqrt{2}}\right)^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} s^2$$



$$V = \int_0^8 \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} (\sqrt[3]{y})^2 dy = 16.628 \text{ u}^3$$

$$A = \frac{1}{2} s \cdot s\sqrt{3}$$

$$A = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} s^2$$